

Independent Auditor's Report

To the Board of Directors of Wipro Poland S.P. Zoo

Report on the Financial Statements

1. We have audited the accompanying financial statements of **Wipro Poland S.P. Zoo** (“the Company”), which comprise the Balance Sheet as at 31 March 2017, the Statement of Profit and Loss (including Other Comprehensive Income), the Cash Flow Statement and the Statement of Changes in Equity for the year then ended, and a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

2. Management is responsible for the preparation of these financial statements, that give a true and fair view of the financial position, financial performance and cash flows of the Company in accordance with the Indian Accounting Standards (Ind AS) issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India (ICAI) and other generally accepted accounting principles in India. This responsibility also includes maintenance of adequate accounting records for safeguarding the assets of the Company and for preventing and detecting frauds and other irregularities; selection and application of appropriate accounting policies; making judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent; and design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls, that were operating effectively for ensuring the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, relevant to the preparation and presentation of the financial statements that give a true and fair view and are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

3. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit.
4. We conducted our audit in accordance with the Standards on Auditing issued by ICAI. Those Standards require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

5. An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and the disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal financial controls relevant to the Company's preparation of the financial statements that give a true and fair view in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on whether the Company has in place an adequate internal financial controls system over financial reporting and the operating effectiveness of such controls. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of the accounting policies used and the reasonableness of the accounting estimates made by the Management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.
6. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion on the financial statements.

Opinion

7. In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the aforesaid financial statements give a true and fair view in conformity with the accounting principles generally accepted in India, of the state of affairs (financial position) of the Company as at 31 March 2017, and its profit (financial performance including other comprehensive income), its cash flows and the changes in equity for the year ended on that date.

Other matter

8. The comparative financial information for the year ended 31 March 2016 and the transition date opening balance sheet as at 1 April 2015 prepared in accordance with Ind AS included in these financial statements, are based on the previously issued financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2016 and 31 March 2015 respectively prepared in accordance with Accounting Standards issued by the ICAI which were audited by the predecessor auditor whose reports dated DD MM YYYY and 31 May 2015 respectively expressed unmodified opinion on those financial statements, and have been adjusted for the differences in the accounting principles adopted by the Company on transition to Ind AS, which have been audited by us. Our opinion is not modified in respect of this matter.
9. This report is intended solely for the information of the Company's and its ultimate holding company's board of directors and members as a body and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than specified parties. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the company, the company's and ultimate holding company's board of directors and members as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.

For **Walker Chandiook & Co LLP**
Chartered Accountants
Firm's Registration No.: 001076N/N500013

Sd/-
per **Sanjay Banthia**
Partner
Membership No.: 061068

Place: Bengaluru
Date: 2 June 2017

Wipro Poland Sp Zoo
Balance Sheet as at 31 March 2017

(Amount in ₹ except share and per share data, unless otherwise stated)

	Notes	As at 31 March 2017	As at 31 March 2016	As at 01 April 2015
ASSETS				
Non-current assets				
Property, plant and equipment	3	522,605	1,008,991	922,323
Financial assets				
Other financial assets	4	-	8,656,253	7,609,198
Non-current tax assets		-	-	25,013,327
		522,605	9,665,245	33,544,848
Current assets				
Financial assets				
Trade receivables	5	76,809,095	99,026,587	109,187,844
Cash and cash equivalents	6	192,905,344	84,622,516	18,872,986
Unbilled revenues		8,762,798	10,425,580	-
Other financial assets	4	41,807,560	12,980,606	2,100,125
Current tax assets		11,618,467	19,027,760	-
Other current assets	7	5,253,488	2,941,275	3,594,159
		337,156,752	229,024,324	133,755,114
		337,679,357	238,689,569	167,299,962
EQUITY				
Share capital	8	690,938	690,938	690,938
Other equity		263,682,603	160,735,037	30,272,148
		264,373,541	161,425,975	30,963,086
LIABILITIES				
Non-current liabilities				
Provisions	9	10,120,687	10,484,352	16,281,292
		10,120,687	10,484,352	16,281,292
Current liabilities				
Financial liabilities				
Trade payables	10	15,639,958	15,326,826	23,563,394
Other financial liabilities	11	27,882,250	27,724,378	80,248,165
Other current liabilities	12	12,528,182	14,808,220	16,244,025
Provisions	9	7,134,740	8,919,817	-
		63,185,130	66,779,241	120,055,584
		337,679,358	238,689,569	167,299,962
Summary of significant accounting policies	2			
The accompanying notes are integral part of the financial statements.				

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors of Wipro Poland Sp Zoo

Sd/-
Ramesh Philip
 Director

Place:
 Date: 2 June 2017

Wipro Poland Sp Zoo

Statement of Profit and Loss for the year ended 31 March 2017

(Amount in ₹ except share and per share data, unless otherwise stated)

	Note	Year ended 31 March 2017	Year ended 31 March 2016
REVENUE			
Revenue from operations	13	547,110,784	672,306,043
Other income	14	1,260,434	519,388
		548,371,218	672,825,431
EXPENSES			
Employee benefits expense	15	295,329,505	336,039,192
Depreciation and amortisation expense	3	426,000	488,310
Other expenses	16	102,766,463	179,201,647
		398,521,968	515,729,149
Profit before tax		149,849,250	157,096,282
Tax expense			
Current tax		30,203,126	33,546,766
Tax expense		30,203,126	33,546,766
Profit for the period		119,646,124	123,549,516
Other Comprehensive Income			
Items that will not be reclassified to statement of profit or loss (net of tax)			
Defined benefit plan actuarial gains/(losses)		-	-
Exchange difference on foreign currency translation		(15,113,391)	6,913,374
Total Other Comprehensive Income for the period, net of tax		(15,113,391)	6,913,374
Total Comprehensive Income for the period		104,532,733	130,462,889
Earnings per equity share			
(Equity shares of par value PLN 50 each)	17		
Basic		119,646	123,550
Diluted		119,646	123,550
Summary of significant accounting policies	2		

The accompanying notes are integral part of the financial statements.

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors of Wipro Poland Sp Zoo

Sd/-
Ramesh Philip
Director

Place:
Date: 2 June 2017

Wipro Poland Sp Zoo**Statement of Cash flows for the year ended 31 March 2017**

(Amount in ₹ except share and per share data, unless otherwise stated)

	Year ended 31 March 2017	Year ended 31 March 2016
A Cash flows from operating activities		
Profit/(Loss) for the period	119,646,124	123,549,516
Adjustments:		
Depreciation and amortization	426,000	488,310
Provision/write off of bad debts	-	(82,181)
Defined benefit plan actuarial gains/(losses)	-	-
Provision for taxation	30,203,126	33,546,766
Unrealised exchange rate fluctuation	38,216	-
Working capital changes:		
(Decrease)/Increase in trade payables	1,448,305	(8,236,577)
(Decrease) in provisions, financial liabilities and other liabilities	(373,005)	(50,836,707)
Decrease in trade receivables	15,660,543	10,243,438
Decrease in financial assets and other assets	(23,520,225)	(21,700,231)
Net cash from operating activities	143,529,083	86,972,334
Less: Income tax paid	(23,985,782)	(27,561,199)
Net cash generated from operations	(A) 119,543,302	59,411,135
B Cash flows from investing activities:		
(Acquisition)/Disposal of fixed assets	-	(574,978)
Net cash used in investing activities	(B) -	(574,978)
Net increase / (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents (A+B)	119,543,302	58,836,157
Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the period	84,622,516	18,872,986
Effect of foreign exchange translation	(9,675,306)	6,913,374
Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the period	194,490,512	84,622,516
Components of cash and cash equivalents (note 6)		
Balances with banks		
In current accounts	94,384,162	84,622,516
In deposit accounts	98,521,182	-
	192,905,344	84,622,516

The accompanying notes form an integral part of these condensed interim financial statements

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors of Wipro Poland Sp Zoo

Sd/-
Ramesh Philip
Director

Place:
Date: 2 June 2017

Wipro Poland Sp Zoo**Statement of Changes in Equity for the year ended 31 March 2017**

(Amount in ₹ except share and per share data, unless otherwise stated)

Equity share capital

Balance as at 01 April 2015	Changes in equity share capital during the year	Balance as at 31 March 2016
690,938	-	690,938
Balance as at 01 April 2016	Changes in equity share capital during the year	Balance as at 31 March 2017
690,938	-	690,938

Other equity

Particulars	Retained Earnings	Other Comprehensive income	Foreign currency translation reserve	Total
Balance as at 01 April 2015	695,703	-	29,576,445	30,272,148
Profit for the period	123,549,516	-	-	123,549,516
Other comprehensive income for the period	-	-	-	-
Exchange difference on foreign currency translation	-	-	6,913,374	6,913,374
Balance as at 31 March 2016	124,245,219	-	36,489,819	160,735,037
Profit for the period	119,646,124	-	-	119,646,124
Other comprehensive income for the period	-	(1,585,168)	-	(1,585,168)
Exchange difference on foreign currency translation	-	-	(15,113,391)	(15,113,391)
Balance as at 31 March 2017	243,891,343	(1,585,168)	21,376,427	263,682,603

The accompanying notes are integral part of the financial statements.

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors of Wipro Poland Sp Zoo

Sd/-
Ramesh Philip
 Director

Place:

Date: 2 June 2017

Wipro Poland Sp Zoo

Summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information

(Amount in INR except share and per share data, unless otherwise stated)

1 Background

Wipro Poland SP Zoo ("the Company") is a subsidiary of Wipro Cyprus Private Limited, incorporated and domiciled in Poland. The Company is provider of IT Services, including Business Process Services (BPS) services, globally and IT Products. The Company's ultimate holding company, Wipro Limited ("Wipro") is incorporated and domiciled in India.

2 Summary of significant accounting policies

a) Basis of preparation

The financial statements of the Company have been prepared in accordance with the Indian Accounting Standards (Ind AS) as notified under Section 133 of the Companies Act 2013 read with the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015 (by Ministry of Corporate Affairs ('MCA')). The Company has uniformly applied the accounting policies during the periods presented.

These financial statements have been prepared on a historical cost convention and on accrual basis. Accounting policies have been applied consistently to all periods presented in these financial statements.

These financial statements have been prepared to append with the financial statements of the ultimate holding company, to comply with the provisions of Section 137 (1) of the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act") in India.

b) Use of estimates and judgment

The preparation of the financial statements in conformity with IND AS requires management to make judgments, estimates and assumptions that affect the application of accounting policies and the reported amounts of assets, liabilities, income and expenses. Actual results may differ from those estimates. Estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognized in the period in which the estimates are revised and in any future periods affected.

c) Foreign currency

Functional currency

The functional currency of the Company is the Polish Zloty. These financial statements are presented in Indian Rupees.

Transaction

The Company is exposed to currency fluctuations on foreign currency transactions. Foreign currency transactions are accounted in the books of account at the exchange rates prevailing on the date of transaction. Monetary foreign currency assets and liabilities at period-end are translated at the exchange rate prevailing at the date of Balance Sheet. The exchange difference between the rate at which foreign currency transactions are accounted and the rate at which they are re-measured/realized is recognized in the statement of profit and loss.

Translation

The functional currency of the Company is PLN and the reporting currency for these financial statements is INR. The translation of financial statements from the local currency to the reporting currency of the Company is performed for balance sheet accounts using the exchange rate in effect at the Balance sheet date and for revenue, expenses and cash flow items using a monthly average exchange rate for the respective periods and the resulted differences is presented as 'foreign currency translation reserve' included in 'Other equity' and 'Effect of exchange rate changes on cash and cash equivalents' included in 'cash flow statement', respectively.

d) Non-derivative financial instruments

Non derivative financial instruments consist of:

i) financial assets, which include cash and cash equivalents, trade receivables, unbilled revenues, finance lease receivables, employee and other advances, investments in equity and debt securities and eligible current and non-current assets;

ii) financial liabilities, which include long and short-term loans and borrowings, bank overdrafts, trade payables, eligible current and non-current liabilities.

Non-derivative financial instruments are recognized initially at fair value. Financial assets are derecognized when substantial risks and rewards of ownership of the financial asset have been transferred. In cases where substantial risks and rewards of ownership of the financial assets are neither transferred nor retained, financial assets are derecognized only when the Company has not retained control over the financial asset.

Subsequent to initial recognition, non-derivative financial instruments are measured as described below:

Wipro Poland Sp Zoo

Summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information

(Amount in INR except share and per share data, unless otherwise stated)

i) Cash and cash equivalents:

The Company's cash and cash equivalents consist of cash on hand and in banks and demand deposits with banks, which can be withdrawn at any time, without prior notice or penalty on the principal.

For the purposes of the cash flow statement, cash and cash equivalents include cash on hand, in banks and demand deposits with banks, net of outstanding bank overdrafts that are repayable on demand and are considered part of the Company's cash management system. In the statement of financial position, bank overdrafts are presented under borrowings within current liabilities.

ii) Other financial assets

Other financial assets are non-derivative financial assets with fixed or determinable payments that are not quoted in an active market. They are presented as current assets, except for those maturing later than 12 months after the reporting date which are presented as non-current assets. These are initially recognized at fair value and subsequently measured at amortized cost using the effective interest method, less any impairment losses. These comprise trade receivables, unbilled revenues, cash and cash equivalents and other assets.

iii) Trade and other payables

Trade and other payables are initially recognized at fair value, and subsequently carried at amortized cost using the effective interest method. For these financial instruments, the carrying amounts approximate fair value due to the short term maturity of these instruments.

e) Equity

i) Share capital

Every holder of the equity shares, as reflected in the records of the Company as of the date of the shareholder meeting shall have one vote in respect of each share held for all matters submitted to vote in the shareholder meeting.

ii) Retained earnings

Retained earnings comprises of the Company's undistributed earnings after taxes.

iii) Other comprehensive income

Changes in the fair value of financial instruments measured at fair value through other comprehensive income and actuarial gains and losses on defined benefit plans are recognized in other comprehensive income (net of taxes), and presented within equity in other reserves.

iv) Foreign currency translation reserve

The exchange differences arising from the translation of financial statements of foreign operations with functional currency other than Indian rupees is presented within equity in the FCTR.

f) Property, plant and equipment

Recognition and measurement

Property, plant and equipment are measured at cost less accumulated depreciation and impairment losses, if any. Cost includes expenditures directly attributable to the acquisition of the asset. General and specific borrowing costs directly attributable to the construction of a qualifying asset are capitalized as part of the cost.

Depreciation

The Company depreciates property, plant and equipment over the estimated useful life on a straight-line basis from the date the assets are available for use. Assets acquired under finance lease and leasehold improvements are amortized over the shorter of estimated useful life of the asset or the related lease term. Term licenses are amortized over their respective contract term. Freehold land is not depreciated. The estimated useful life of assets are reviewed and where appropriate are adjusted, annually. The estimated useful lives of assets are as follows:

Category	Useful life
Plant & machinery	2 to 6 years
Furniture & fixture	5 to 6 years

Wipro Poland Sp Zoo

Summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information

(Amount in INR except share and per share data, unless otherwise stated)

g) Employee benefits

Compensated absences

The employees of the Company are entitled to compensated absences. The employees can carry forward a portion of the unutilized accumulating compensated absences and utilize it in future periods or receive cash at retirement or termination of employment. The Company records an obligation for compensated absences in the period in which the employee renders the services that increases this entitlement. The Company measures the expected cost of compensated absences as the additional amount that the Company expects to pay as a result of the unused entitlement that has accumulated at the end of the reporting period. The Company recognizes accumulated compensated absences based on actuarial valuation using the projected unit credit method. Non-accumulating compensated absences are recognized in the period in which the absences occur.

Pension and social contribution

Pension and social contribution plan, a defined contribution scheme, the Company makes monthly contributions based on a specified percentage of each covered employee's salary.

g) Provisions and contingencies

Provisions are recognized when the Company has a present obligation (legal or constructive) as a result of a past event, it is probable that an outflow of economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation and a reliable estimate can be made of the amount of the obligation.

A disclosure for a contingent liability is made when there is a possible obligation or a present obligation that may, but probably will not, require an outflow of resources. Where there is a possible obligation or a present obligation in respect of which the likelihood of outflow of resources is remote, no provision or disclosure is made.

The amount recognized as a provision is the best estimate of the consideration required to settle the present obligation at the end of the reporting period, taking into account the risks and uncertainties surrounding the obligation.

When some or all of the economic benefits required to settle a provision are expected to be recovered from a third party, the receivable is recognized as an asset, if it is virtually certain that reimbursement will be received and the amount of the receivable can be measured reliably.

Provisions for onerous contracts are recognized when the expected benefits to be derived by the Company from a contract are lower than the unavoidable costs of meeting the future obligations under the contract. Provisions for onerous contracts are measured at the present value of lower of the expected net cost of fulfilling the contract and the expected cost of terminating the contract.

h) Revenue

The Company derives revenue primarily from software development, maintenance of software/hardware and related services, business process services, sale of IT and other products.

Services:

a. Time and material contracts

Revenues and costs relating to time and material contracts are recognized as the related services are rendered.

b. Fixed Price contracts

Revenues from fixed-price contracts, including systems development and integration contracts are recognized using the "percentage-of-completion" method. Percentage of completion is determined based on project costs incurred to date as a percentage of total estimated project costs required to complete the project. The cost expended (or input) method has been used to measure progress towards completion as there is a direct relationship between input and productivity. If the Company does not have a sufficient basis to measure the progress of completion or to estimate the total contract revenues and costs, revenue is recognized only to the extent of contract cost incurred for which recoverability is probable. When total cost estimates exceed revenues in an arrangement, the estimated losses are recognized in the statement of profit and loss in the period in which such losses become probable based on the current contract estimates.

Other income:

Interest is recognized using the time proportion method, based on the rates implicit in the transaction.

i) Finance and other income

Finance and other income comprises interest income on deposits, dividend income and gains / (losses) etc. Interest income is recognized using the effective interest method.

Wipro Poland Sp Zoo

Summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information

(Amount in INR except share and per share data, unless otherwise stated)

j) Income tax

Income tax comprises current and deferred tax. Income tax expense is recognized in the statement of profit and loss except to the extent it relates to a business combination, or items directly recognized in equity or in other comprehensive income.

Current income tax for the current and prior periods are measured at the amount expected to be recovered from or paid to the taxation authorities based on the taxable income for the period. The tax rates and tax laws used to compute the current tax amount are those that are enacted or substantively enacted as at the reporting date and applicable for the period. The Company offsets current tax assets and current tax liabilities, where it has a legally enforceable right to set off the recognized amounts and where it intends either to settle on a net basis, or to realize the asset and liability simultaneously.

Deferred income tax is recognized using the balance sheet approach. Deferred income tax assets and liabilities are recognized for deductible and taxable temporary differences arising between the tax base of assets and liabilities and their carrying amount in financial statements, except when the deferred income tax arises from the initial recognition of goodwill or an asset or liability in a transaction that is not a business combination and affects neither accounting nor taxable profits or loss at the time of the transaction.

Deferred income tax assets are recognized to the extent it is probable that taxable profit will be available against which the deductible temporary differences and the carry forward of unused tax credits and unused tax losses can be utilized.

Deferred income tax liabilities are recognized for all taxable temporary differences except in respect of taxable temporary differences associated with investments in subsidiaries, associates and foreign branches where the timing of the reversal of the temporary difference can be controlled and it is probable that the temporary difference will not reverse in the foreseeable future.

The carrying amount of deferred income tax assets is reviewed at each reporting date and reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profit will be available to allow all or part of the deferred income tax asset to be utilized.

Deferred income tax assets and liabilities are measured at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the period when the asset is realized or the liability is settled, based on tax rates (and tax laws) that have been enacted or substantively enacted at the reporting date.

The Company offsets deferred income tax assets and liabilities, where it has a legally enforceable right to offset current tax assets against current tax liabilities, and they relate to taxes levied by the same taxation authority on either the same taxable entity, or on different taxable entities where there is an intention to settle the current tax liabilities and assets on a net basis or their tax assets and liabilities will be realized simultaneously.

k) Earnings per share

Basic earnings per share is computed using the weighted average number of equity shares outstanding during the period adjusted for treasury shares held. Diluted earnings per share is computed using the weighted-average number of equity and dilutive equivalent shares outstanding during the period, using the treasury stock method for options and warrants, except where the results would be anti-dilutive.

l) Cash flow statement

Cash flows are reported using the indirect method, whereby profit/(loss) for the year is adjusted for the effects of transactions of a non-cash nature, any deferrals or accruals of past or future operating cash receipts or payments and item of income or expenses associated with investing or financing cash flows. The cash flows from operating, investing and financing activities of the Company are segregated.

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Wipro Poland Sp Zoo

Summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information

(Amount in ₹ except share and per share data, unless otherwise stated)

3 Property, plant and equipment

	Plant & machinery	Furniture & fixture	Total
Gross block (at cost)			
Balance as at 01 April 2015	19,436,250	3,801,899	23,238,149
Additions	95,234	426,020	521,254
Disposals	-	-	-
Effect of translation	1,507,866	294,952	1,802,818
Balance as at 31 March 2016	21,039,350	4,522,871	25,562,221
Additions	-	-	-
Disposals	-	-	-
Effect of translation	(1,519,243)	(326,595)	(1,845,838)
Balance as at 31 March 2017	19,520,107	4,196,276	23,716,383
Accumulated depreciation			
Balance as at 01 April 2015	18,854,824	3,461,002	22,315,826
Depreciation charge for the year	307,208	181,102	488,310
Disposals	-	-	-
Effect of translation	1,473,976	275,118	1,749,094
Balance as at 31 March 2016	20,636,008	3,917,222	24,553,230
Depreciation charge for the year	280,019	145,981	426,000
Disposals	-	-	-
Effect of translation	(1,498,317)	(287,135)	(1,785,452)
Balance as at 31 March 2017	19,417,710	3,776,068	23,193,778
Net block			
Balance as at 01 April 2015	581,426	340,897	922,323
Balance as at 31 March 2016	403,342	605,649	1,008,991
Balance as at 31 March 2017	102,397	420,208	522,605

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Wipro Poland Sp Zoo

Summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information

(Amount in ₹ except share and per share data, unless otherwise stated)

	As at 31 March 2017	As at 31 March 2016	As at 1 April 2015
4 Other financial assets			
Non-current			
Security deposits	-	8,656,253	7,609,198
	-	8,656,253	7,609,198
Current			
Employee travel & other advances	294,141	242,031	224,606
Balance with group companies	41,513,419	12,738,575	1,875,519
	41,807,560	12,980,606	2,100,125
	As at 31 March 2017	As at 31 March 2016	As at 1 April 2015
5 Trade receivable			
<i>Unsecured</i>			
Considered good	26,084,257	38,016,539	2,885,465
Considered doubtful	-	-	-
	26,084,257	38,016,539	2,885,465
With group companies - considered good	50,724,838	61,010,048	106,302,379
Less: Provision for doubtful receivables	-	-	-
	76,809,095	99,026,587	109,187,844
	As at 31 March 2017	As at 31 March 2016	As at 1 April 2015
6 Cash and cash equivalent			
Balances with banks			
In current accounts	94,384,162	84,622,516	18,872,986
In deposit accounts	98,521,182	-	-
	192,905,344	84,622,516	18,872,986
	As at 31 March 2017	As at 31 March 2016	As at 1 April 2015
7 Other assets			
Current			
Advance to suppliers	38,569	-	212,660
Balances with excise, customs and other authorities	5,119,382	2,941,275	3,311,326
Prepaid expenses	95,537	-	70,173
	5,253,488	2,941,275	3,594,159

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Wipro Poland Sp Zoo

Summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information

(Amount in ₹ except share and per share data, unless otherwise stated)

	As at 31 March 2017	As at 31 March 2016	As at 1 April 2015
8 Share capital			
Authorised capital			
1000 (2016: 1,000; 2015: 1,000) equity shares [Par value of of PLN 50 per share]	690,938	690,938	690,938
	690,938	690,938	690,938
Issued, subscribed and fully paid-up capital			
1000 (2016: 1,000; 2015: 1,000) equity shares [Par value of of PLN 50 per share]	690,938	690,938	690,938
	690,938	690,938	690,938
a) Reconciliation of number of shares as at 31 March 2017			
Number of shares outstanding as at beginning of the year	1,000	1,000	1,000
Number of shares issued during the year	-	-	-
Number of shares outstanding as at the end of the year	1,000	1,000	1,000
b) Details of shares held by related parties			
Name of shareholders	No of shares	No of shares	No of shares
Wipro Cyprus	990	990	990
Wipro Information Technology Netherlands BV	10	10	10
	1,000	1,000	1,000
	As at 31 March 2017	As at 31 March 2016	As at 1 April 2015
9 Provisions			
Non-current			
Employee benefit obligation	10,120,687	10,484,352	16,281,292
	10,120,687	10,484,352	16,281,292
Current			
Employee benefit obligation	7,134,740	8,919,817	-
	7,134,740	8,919,817	-
	As at 31 March 2017	As at 31 March 2016	As at 1 April 2015
10 Trade payables			
Trade payable	12,491,399	11,923,414	11,448,629
Payable to group companies	3,148,559	3,403,412	12,114,765
	15,639,958	15,326,826	23,563,394
	As at 31 March 2017	As at 31 March 2016	As at 1 April 2015
11 Other financial liabilities			
Current			
Salary payable	15,346,302	19,699,540	19,525,037
Employee benefit obligations	3,287,196	2,334,000	2,303,506
Balances due to related parties	9,248,752	5,690,838	58,419,622
	27,882,250	27,724,378	80,248,165
	As at 31 March 2017	As at 31 March 2016	As at 1 April 2015
12 Other liabilities			
Current			
Advances from customers	219	-	1,465,311
Statutory liabilities	12,527,963	14,808,220	14,778,714
	12,528,182	14,808,220	16,244,025

Wipro Poland Sp Zoo

Summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information

(Amount in ₹ except share and per share data, unless otherwise stated)

	Year ended 31 March 2017	Year ended 31 March 2016
13 Revenue from operations		
Sale of services	547,110,784	672,306,043
	547,110,784	672,306,043
	Year ended 31 March 2017	Year ended 31 March 2016
14 Other income		
Interest on debt instruments and others	1,260,434	519,388
	1,260,434	519,388
	Year ended 31 March 2017	Year ended 31 March 2016
15 Employee benefits expense		
Salaries and wages	252,730,670	292,798,327
Contribution to provident and other funds	34,883,557	36,895,365
Staff welfare expenses	7,715,278	6,345,500
	295,329,505	336,039,192
	Year ended 31 March 2017	Year ended 31 March 2016
16 Other expenses		
Sub contracting / technical fees / third party application	29,428,592	100,568,251
Travel	4,371,609	3,492,949
Repairs and maintenance	128,544	3,512,613
Rent	7,588,817	15,482,657
Provision/write off of bad debts	-	(82,181)
Corporate overhead	5,241,900	-
Power and fuel	928,768	1,292,793
Communication	3,378,417	3,425,649
Legal and professional charges	41,585,549	41,774,541
Other exchange differences, net	9,831,847	9,119,331
Insurance	-	363,390
Miscellaneous expenses	282,420	251,654
	102,766,463	179,201,647
	Year ended 31 March 2017	Year ended 31 March 2016
17 Earning per share (EPS)		
Net profit after tax attributable to the equity shareholders		
Weighted average number of equity shares - for basic and diluted EPS	119,646,124	123,549,516
Earnings per share - Basic and diluted	1,000	1,000
Nominal value per share (in PLN)	119,646	123,550
	50	50

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Wipro Poland Sp Zoo

Summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information

(Amount in ₹ except share and per share data, unless otherwise stated)

18 Related party disclosure

i) Parties where control exists:

Name of the related party	Nature of relationship
Wipro Limited	Ultimate Holding Company
Wipro Cyprus Private Limited	Holding company
Wipro Travel Services Limited	Fellow Subsidiary
Wipro IT Services Poland Sp. Z o.o	Fellow Subsidiary
Wipro Network Pte Limited	Fellow Subsidiary

ii) The Company has the following related party transactions

Particulars	Relationship	Year ended 31 March 2017	Year ended 31 March 2016
Purchase of services			
Wipro Limited	Ultimate Holding Company	29,428,592	100,561,780
Sale of services			
Wipro Limited	Ultimate Holding Company	409,329,571	428,394,306
Wipro IT Services Poland Sp. Z o.o	Fellow Subsidiary	8,760,475	8,599,198
Rent			
Wipro IT Services Poland Sp. Z o.o	Fellow Subsidiary	19,275,713	10,470,214
Security deposit			
Wipro IT Services Poland Sp. Z o.o	Fellow Subsidiary	7,836,906	-
Legal and professional charges			
Wipro Limited	Ultimate Holding Company	4,249,331	-
Corporate overhead			
Wipro Limited	Ultimate Holding Company	5,241,900	-
Travel cost			
Wipro Limited	Ultimate Holding Company	335,452	-
Wipro Travel Services Limited	Fellow Subsidiary	66,640	-
Miscellaneous Exp			
Wipro Limited	Ultimate Holding Company	14,107	550,866
Wipro Travel Services Limited	Fellow Subsidiary	-	291
Wipro IT Services Poland Sp. Z o.o	Fellow Subsidiary	150,704	-

iii) Balances with related parties as at year end are summarised below

Particulars	Relationship	As at 31 March 2017	As at 31 March 2016
Wipro Limited	Ultimate Holding Company	36,308,730	51,433,692
Wipro IT Services Poland Sp. Z o.o	Fellow Subsidiary	43,532,216	14,572,378
Wipro Travel Services Limited	Fellow Subsidiary	-	302

19 Operating leases

The Company has taken on lease, office and residential facilities under cancellable and non-cancellable operating lease agreements that are renewable on a periodic basis at the option of both the lessor and the lessee.

	Year ended 31 March 2017	Year ended 31 March 2016
Not later than one year	-	21,135,095
Later than one year and less than five years	-	65,166,543
Later than 5 years	-	-

Wipro Poland Sp Zoo

Summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information

(Amount in ₹ except share and per share data, unless otherwise stated)

19 Effective Tax Rate (ETR) reconciliation

The reconciliation between provision of income tax and amounts computed by applying the statutory income tax rate applicable in Poland to profit before taxes is as follows

	Year ended 31 March 2017	Year ended 31 March 2016
Profit before taxes	149,849,250	157,096,282
Enacted income tax rate	19%	19%
Computed expected tax expense	28,471,358	29,848,293
Effect of:		
Expenses disallowed for tax purposes	1,868,549	1,732,673
Others, net	(136,781)	1,965,800
Total income tax expense	30,203,126	33,546,766

20 Financial risk management

Interest rate risk

The Company has no lendings or borrowings with its group companies and no market borrowings at floating interest rates, so hence there is no exposure of interest rate risks.

Credit risk

Credit risk arises from the possibility that customers may not be able to settle their obligations as agreed. To manage this, the Company periodically assesses the financial reliability of customers, taking into account the financial condition, current economic trends, analysis of historical bad debts and ageing of accounts receivables. Individual risk limits are set accordingly. There is no significant concentration of credit risk.

Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is defined as the risk that the Company will not be able to settle or meet its obligations on time or at a reasonable price. The Company's corporate treasury department is responsible for liquidity and funding as well as settlement management. In addition, processes and policies related to such risks are overseen by senior management. Management monitors the Company's net liquidity position through rolling forecasts on the basis of expected cash flows. As of 31 March 2017, cash and cash equivalents are held with major banks and financial institutions.

21 First time adoption

These financial statements of Wipro Poland Sp Zoo for the year ended 31 March 2017, have been prepared in accordance with Ind AS. This is the Company's first set of financial statements in accordance with Ind AS. For the purposes of transition to Ind AS, the Company has followed the guidance prescribed in Ind AS 101 - First Time adoption of Indian Accounting Standard with 01 April 2015, as the transition date and IGAAP as the previous GAAP.

The transition to Ind AS has resulted in changes in the presentation of the financial statements, disclosures in the notes thereto and accounting policies and principles. The accounting policies set out in Note 1 have been applied in preparing the standalone financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2017, and the comparative information.

An explanation of how the transition from previous GAAP to Ind AS has affected the Company's Balance Sheet, Statement of Profit and Loss is set out below:

i) Profit/loss on actuarial valuation of defined benefit plans is passed through 'Other Comprehensive Income'.

22 Prior period comparatives

Figures for the previous year have been regrouped/reclassified wherever necessary to correspond with the current year's classification / disclosure.

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors of Wipro Poland Sp Zoo

Sd/-

Ramesh Philip

Director

Place:

Date: 2 June 2017